

Election Year	Punjab		Classification under the definition of the model
	Variable # 1 VOTE SCORE OF TOP TWO CONTESTANTS	Variable # 2 Votes% by which the winner is ahead of the second scorer edge over the vote % of number 2 WINNER'S EDGE	
1970	54%	29%	Uni-polar
1977	98%	26%	Uni-polar
1988	77%	3%	Bi-polar
1990	88%	11%	Bi-polar
1993	85%	6%	Bi-polar
1997	81%	37%	Uni-polar
2002	60%	7%	Multi-polar
2008	59%	1%	Bi-polar
2013	65%	28%	Uni-polar
2018	71%	1%	Bi-polar
Average for 10 elections	74%	15%	The typical behavior of the province generally returns to Bi-polar contests
	<p>Votes score is HIGH by the model's definition if the electoral outcome falls in the range of</p> <p>75% ($\pm 10\%$), that is broadly between 65% -85% +.</p> <p>Any figure lower than this is treated as low</p> <p>Any exceptions have been marked in red and can be interpreted by a domain expert</p>	<p>Winner's edge over the runner up is LOW by the model's definition if the difference between the two is</p> <p>10% ($\pm 5\%$), that is broadly between 5%-15%.</p> <p>Any figure higher than that is treated as HIGH.</p> <p>Any exceptions have been marked in red and can be interpreted by a domain expert</p>	<p>This case of being HIGH on Variable # 1 and LOW on Variable #2. Hence the case is Bi-POLAR according to the definition of the model.</p>